

BOUGAINVILLEA VARIETIES



This is an evergreen shrubby vine, needing moderate to regular watering and full sun. Will get to be 30 feet in height and 20 feet wide. The Bougainvillea is frost tender when young, if they survive a winter they will be big enough to take winter damage and recover. Blooms reach their peak in the summer, but in mild winter regions flowering can occur from spring to fall. They are fast, vigorous growers. Because they have no means of attaching to walls, you must tie stems to support while structure is established. The Barbara Karst variety blooms for long periods of time and likes the desert heat.

FIG VINE

(Ficus pumila)



As the common name 'Creeping Fig' indicates, the plant has a creeping/vining habit and is often used in gardens and landscapes, and as houseplant. It is hardy and fast growing and requires little in the way of care. The cultivars and varieties, listed above, give design options. It can become invasive and cover structures and landscape features if not maintained —and growth contained. When climbing on buildings or wooden structures, the woody tendrils can 'cling' or 'root in' and damage structures and/or their surface finishes. It is 20 feet high and 20 feet wide.

CAROLINA JESSAMINE
(*Gelsemium sempervirens*)



All parts of the Carolina Jessamine are poisonous if ingested. It requires full sun or partial shade and regular water. The Jessamine grows at a moderate rate getting 20 feet high and wide. It produces yellow flowers that bloom in late winter and early spring. It can get top heavy if not trained correctly, if this happens cut back severely. Also used as ground cover. Blooms the most in full sun.

LILAC VINE
(*Hardenbergia violacea*)



The Lilac Vine needs partial shade in the hottest climates and moderate water. This vine gets 20 feet in height and 10 feet in width. Flowers are lilac or violet to rose or white colors. It is a tough hardy vigorous vine. It grows at a moderate rate and produces blooms from late winter to early spring. Needs light, well-drained soil. Provide the support for climbing, and cut back after it blooms to prevent tangling. Subject to spider mites.

STAR JASMINE

(Trachelospermum jasminoides)



Needs light shade in the hottest climates and regular water. Given support like a trellis this vine will get to 20 feet tall, as ground cover it will get 2 feet high and 10 feet wide. Set 5 feet apart if planting for ground cover. The leaves are oval and glossy light green when new and when mature turn to a rich dark green, white flowers in small clusters are produced. This plant will attract bees, good for edging a walk or driveway.

PRIMROSE JASMINE

(Jasminium mesnyi)



Primrose Jasmine needs full sun or light shade and regular water, gets 6-10 feet high and wide. This is an evergreen vining shrub. It has dark green leaves and bright lemon yellow unscented flowers. Blooms in winter or spring. Best if tied up at desired height and able to spill downwards. May need occasional severe pruning to avoid brush pile look.

PINK JASMINE

(Jasminum polyanthum)



Pink Jasmine needs full sun or light shade and regular water, gets 20 feet high and wide. Like the Primrose Jasmine it is also an evergreen vine. It is fast climbing and strong growing vine. Blossoms are white on the inside and rose colored on the outside and are extremely fragrant. Blooms in late winter and early spring. May also be used as ground cover.

ANGELWING JASMINE

(Jasminum nitidum)



Angel Wing Jasmine needs full sun or light shade and regular water, Moderate grower to 10 to 15 ft. long, 3 to 4 ft. wide. This Jasmine can serve as a groundcover in beds around living spaces where its fragrance is heady and wonderful. Use as filler between more upright flowering shrubs. Also reliable on partially shaded banks and slopes. This plant is part shrub and part vine. Though not a vigorous climber, it can manage to work its way up a trellis. Pruning time: summer after flowering.

CORAL VINE
(*Antigonon leptopus*)



This is an evergreen vine in mild winter areas, needs full sun and moderate to regular water. The perennial vine grows quickly and can get to be 40 feet high and 10-12 feet wide. Small pick flowers are carried in a long, trailing sprays from midsummer to fall. Cut back vigorous growth in late winter and early spring. This vine can grow without irrigation in Arizona but may die back to the ground in summer. It is difficult to eradicate when spreads.

HALL'S HONEYSUCKLE/JAPANESE HONEYSUCKLE
(*Lonicera japonica* "Halliana")



This honeysuckle is extremely invasive and has the ability to become a weed, since birds spread the seed. It is evergreen; require full sun and moderate water. Size is 20 feet high and 20 feet wide. It produces sweet-scented, two-lipped, purple tinged white flowers from spring to fall. Hall's Honeysuckle is the most vigorous and widely grown variety. It does attract bees.

LADY BANK'S ROSE
(*Rosa banksiae*)



Lady Bank's Rose is an evergreen climbing vine. It grows quickly to 20 feet wide and high. This vine is almost immune to diseases, and stems have almost no thorns. Large clusters of small yellow or white flowers bloom in early to late spring. Can be used as ground cover. Plant where the vine can get full sun and it needs regular to moderate water.

PASSION VINE
(*Passiflora foetida*)



This vine is evergreen and needs full sunlight. Size is 10 feet high and wide. Plants bloom during warm weather. Many species produce edible fruit as a bonus – Passion Fruit. Train these vines on trellises or walls and they will become vigorous and overgrown without routine and rigorous thinning and untangling, can thin the excess new growth at any time in the growing season. These vines attract caterpillars. Requires moderate to regular water.

TANGERINE BEAUTY CROSSVINE
(Bignonia capreolata)



The Tangerine Beauty Crossvine is native to the southern US and can climb to 60 feet, attaching itself to almost any surface. Each dark green leaf consists of 2, 6 inch leaflets and a branching tendril. Leaves turn purplish in cold weather. The flowers are clustered and are about 2 inches long. They are trumpet shaped reddish brown to orange or scarlet flowers and will bloom in mid spring, with intermittent blooming in summer. Do any cutting back before spring growth begins.